| Progression of Skills and Knowledge for Geography | | | | | | |
|---|----------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|-------------------------|
| Locational Knowledge | | | | | | |
| EYFS | Year 1 | Year 2 | Year 3 | Year 4 | Year 5 | Year 6 |
| - Can start to talk | - Can name and | - Can name and | - Can name and | - Can name and | - Can name and | - Can name and |
| about or ask | locate the world's | locate the seven | locate counties and | locate different | locate an increasing | locate several |
| questions about their | seven continents | continents and five | cities of the UK, | countries in Europe | number of different | different countries in |
| environment. | (using a blank map) | oceans. | geographical regions | (they can locate | countries in Europe | Europe and most in |
| - Can talk about | and can start to | - Can name, locate | and their identifying | Russia on a map) and | and South America | North and some in |
| things they have | name thefive oceans. | and identify the | human and physical | North America | concentrating on | South America |
| observed. | - Can name and | characteristics of the | characteristics key | concentrating on | their environmental | concentrating on |
| | locate the four | four countries and | topographical | their environmental | regions, key physical | their environmental |
| | countries of the | capital cities of the | features (including | regions, key physical | and human | regions, key physical |
| | United Kingdom. | United Kingdom and | hills, mountains, | and human | characteristics and | and human |
| | | its surrounding seas. | coasts and rivers). | characteristics and | major cities. | characteristics and |
| | Children at Greater | - Recognise the | - Can start to name | some major cities. | - Can identify the | major cities. |
| | Depth will: | location of the | some of the | - Can identify the | position and | - Can identify the |
| | Locate these using | Equator and the | countries and major | position and | significance of | different tropics of |
| | globes. | North and South | cities in Europe. | significance of | latitude, longitude, | Cancer and |
| | | Poles. | - Can identify the | latitude, longitude, | the Tropics of Cancer | Capricorn, the |
| | | | position of the | Equator, Northern | and Capricorn. | Prime/Greenwich |
| | | Children at Greater | Equator, Northern | Hemisphere and | | Meriden and time |
| | | Depth will: | and Southern | Arctic and Antarctic | Children at Greater | zones (including day |
| | | Children at Greater | Hemisphere. | circle. | Depth will: | and night). |
| | | Depth are able to | | | Identify and name | |
| | | locate theseusing a | Children at Greater | Children at Greater | different countries in | Children at Greater |
| | | variety of | Depth will: | Depth will: | Europe and South | Depth will: |
| | | resources. | Identify and name | Identify and name | America using a | Locate with ease |
| | | | different countries in | different countries in | globe or atlas. | different countries in |
| | | | Europe using a globe | Europe and North | | Europe and North |
| | | | or atlas. | America using a | | and South America |
| | | | | globe or atlas. | | using a globe or atlas. |
| | | | | | | Children at greater |
| | | | | | | depth can explain the |
| | | | | | | significance of |

| | | | | | | latitude, longitude | |
|------------------------|-------------------------|---------------------------|--|----------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|--|
| | | | | | | etc. | |
| Related National | - Name and locate the v | vorld's seven continents | - Locate the world's co | untries, using maps to fo | ocus on Europe (including | the location of Russia) | |
| Curriculum | and five oceans. | | and North and South America, concentrating on their environmental regions, key physical and | | | | |
| Objectives in italics: | - Name, locate and ide | entify characteristics of | human characteristics, countries, and major cities. | | | | |
| | the four countries an | d capital cities of the | - Name and locate counties and cities of the United Kingdom, geographical regions and their | | | | |
| | United Kingdom and its | surrounding seas. | identifying human and | d physical characteristic | cs, key topographical fe | eatures (including hills, | |
| | | | mountains, coasts and | rivers), and land-use patt | terns; and understand ho | w some of these aspects | |
| | | | have changed over time | e. | | | |
| | | | - Identify the position and significance of latitude, longitude, Equator, Northern Hemispher | | | Northern Hemisphere, | |
| | | | Southern Hemisphere, | the Tropics of Cancer | and Capricorn, Arctic ar | nd Antarctic Circle, the | |
| | | | Prime/Greenwich Meric | dian and time zones (incl | uding day and night). | | |

| | | | Place Knowledg | e | | |
|--|--|--|--|---|---|---|
| EYFS | Year 1 | Year 2 | Year 3 | Year 4 | Year 5 | Year 6 |
| - Can begin to ask questions about the place they live in and start to look at what is similar and different to the places they visit. | - Can recognise the similarities and differences between our local area compared to a geographically different part of the world.(China/Africa) Children at Greater Depth will: Confidently be able to describe the local area and how it is different and similar to alternative locations. (1 difference) | - Can start to explain the geographical similarities and differences by studying a small area of the UK and comparing it to a small area of a contrasting non-European country. Children at Greater Depth will: Confidently be able to describe the local area and how it is different and similar to alternative locations. (More than 1 difference) | - Can recognise the geographical similarities and differences through the study of human and physical geography of different regions of the UK and a region of a European country. Children at Greater Depth will: Be able to explain why some regions are different to others using accurate geographical vocabulary e.g. climate, population | - Can confidently explain the geographical similarities and differences through the study of human and physical geography of different regions of the UK and a region of a European country Children at Greater Depth will: Start to use appropriate technical language to describe (refer to unit plan) | - Can identify and describe the geographical similarities and differences through the study of human and physical geography of a region of the UK, a region of Europe and South America or North America as well as explaining the importance of a region. Children at Greater Depth will: Confidently use technical language to describe similarities | - Can identify and describe the geographical similarities and differences through the study of human and physical geography of a region of the UK and North and South America as well as explaining the importance of a region. Children at Greater Depth will: Confidently explain the importance of a Region in geographical terms |
| Related National Curriculum Objectives in italics: | - Understand geographical similarities and differences through studying the human and physical geography of a small area of the United Kingdom, and of a small area in a contrasting non-European country. | | | of the United Kingdom, a | rences through the study region in a European cou | · · |

| Human and Physical Geography | | | | | |
|--|---|---|---|---|--|
| Year 1 | Year 2 | Year 3 | Year 4 | Year 5 | Year 6 |
| - Can start to recognise human and physical geographical features Can begin to understand that some parts of the world are hot and some are cold. Children at Greater Depth will: Will explain the differences between human and physical features. | - Can identify seasonal and daily weather patterns in the United Kingdom Can start to locate the hot and cold areas of the world in relation to the Equator and North and South Poles Can use basic geographical vocabulary to refer to: key physical features including beach, cliff, coast, forest, hill, sea and ocean. Key human features including: city, town, village, farm and house. Children at Greater Depth will: Talk about how the | Can start to describe and understand key aspects of: - Physical geography, including rivers, mountains and the water cycle Human geography including types of settlements and land use. Using accurate vocabulary Children at Greater Depth will: Use the vocabulary in an increasingly accurate way | Can describe and understand key aspects of: - Physical geography including climate zones and locate the hot and cold areas of the world and describe the characteristics of these Human geography including types of settlement and land use. Children at Greater Depth will: Use appropriate vocabulary to describe and explain aspects of land use. | Can define and understand key aspects of: - Physical geography including biomes and vegetation belts and describe the characteristics of these Human geography including economic activity and distribution of natural resources. Children at Greater Depth will: Be able to explain the impact of economic activity on the local area and its natural resources e.g. in relation to the rainforest. | Can evaluate and understand key aspects of: - Physical geography including volcanoes and earthquakes and describe the characteristics of these Human geography including economic activity including trade links and distribution of natural resources such as food, minerals and water. Children at Greater Depth will: Be able to explain the impact of economic activity on an area and start to |
| | seasons change and describe the hot and cold parts of the world. They can use technical language to | | | | understand the impact of trade links. |
| | - Can start to recognise human and physical geographical features Can begin to understand that some parts of the world are hot and some are cold. Children at Greater Depth will: Will explain the differences between human and physical | - Can start to recognise human and physical geographical features Can begin to understand that some parts of the world are hot and some are cold. Children at Greater Depth will: Will explain the differences between human and physical features. Children at Greater Depth will: Will explain the differences between human and physical features. Children at Greater Depth will: Will explain the differences between human and physical features including beach, cliff, coast, forest, hill, sea and ocean. Key human features including: city, town, village, farm and house. Children at Greater Depth will: Talk about how the | Year 1 - Can start to recognise human and physical geographical features Can begin to understand that some parts of the world are hot and some are cold. Children at Greater Depth will: Will explain the differences between human and physical features. Children at Greater Depth wills. Children at Greater Depth wills. Children at Greater Depth will: Will explain the differences between human and physical features. Children at Greater Depth will: Will explain the differences between human and physical features including city, town, village, farm and house. Children at Greater Depth will: Talk about how the Seasons change and describe the hot and cold parts of the world. They can use technical language to describe human and | Year 1 - Can start to recognise human and physical geographical features Can begin to understand that some parts of the world are hot and some are cold. Children at Greater Depth will: Will explain the differences between human and physical features. Children at Greater Depth will: Will explain the differences between human and physical features. Children at Greater Depth will: Will explain the differences between human and physical features including: city, town, village, farm and house. Children at Greater Depth will: Children at Greater Depth will: Seasons change and describe and understand key aspects of: - Physical geography, including rivers, mountains and the water cycle Human geography including types of settlements and land use. Using accurate vocabulary to refer to: key physical features including: city, town, village, farm and house. Children at Greater Depth will: Children at Greater Depth will: Seasons change and describe and understand key aspects of: - Physical geography, including rivers, mountains and the water cycle Human geography including types of settlements and land use. Using accurate vocabulary in an increasingly accurate way Children at Greater Depth will: Use appropriate vocabulary in an increasingly accurate way Children at Greater Depth will: Use appropriate vocabulary to describe and explain aspects of and understand key aspects of: - Physical geography, including rivers, mountains and the water cycle Human geography including types of settlements and land use. Using accurate vocabulary Is the bot and cold areas of the world and describe the vocabulary in an increasingly accurate way Children at Greater Depth will: Use appropriate vocabulary or offer to: way Children at Greater Depth will: Use appropriate vocabulary in an increasingly accurate way Children at Greater Depth will: Use appropriate vocabulary in an increasingly accurate way Children at Greater Depth will: Use appropriate vocabulary in an increasingly accurate way | Year 1 |

Wadsworth Fields Curriculum -Geography

| Related National |
|-------------------------------|
| Curriculum |
| Objectives in italics: |

- Identify seasonal and daily weather patterns in the United Kingdom and the location of hot and cold areas of the world in relation to the Equator and the North and South Poles.

Use basic geographical vocabulary to refer to:

- Key physical features, including: beach, cliff, coast, forest, hill, mountain, sea, ocean, river, soil, valley, vegetation, season and weather.
- Key human features, including: city, town, village, factory, farm, house, office, port, harbour and shop.

Describe and understand key aspects of:

- Physical geography, including: climate zones, biomes and vegetation belts, rivers, mountains, volcanoes and earthquakes, and the water cycle.
- Human geography, including: types of settlement and land use, economic activity including trade links, and the distribution of natural resources including energy, food, minerals and water.

Wadsworth Fields Curriculum -Geography

| | Geographical Skills and Fieldwork | | | | | |
|--|---|--|---|---|---|--|
| EYFS | Year 1 | Year 2 | Year 3 | Year 4 | Year 5 | Year 6 |
| Can recognize that different places have different features e.g. houses, schools, | - Can use world maps | - Can use world maps, | - Can use maps, | - Can use maps, | - Can use a range of | Can confidently use a |
| shops, roads, fields. | (appropriate to the age group) to identify the different continents and oceans. - Can understand the | atlases and globes to identify the UK and other countries and oceans studied Can use simple compass directions (NSEW) to | atlases, digital/computer mapping to locate countries and features covered in the UK and Italy/Sweden/Hungary /Poland (see cycle and unit plan) | atlases, digital/computer mapping to locate countries and features covered in the UK and | resources to locate countries and features covered in the world Can start to use an eight point compass | range of resources to locate countries and features covered in the world as well as parts of the UK Can use an eight |
| | terms North, South, | describe the | | elsewhere. | and six figure grid | point compass and six |
| | East and West. Can start to recognise features and | locational features on a map and give simple directions or | - Can start to use a four point compass and four figure grid | - Can use a four point compass and four figure grid references, | references, symbols and a key (including Ordnance Survey | figure grid references, symbols and a key (including Ordnance |
| | landmarks on aerial | routes on map. | references, symbols | symbols and a key | maps) to build their | Survey maps) to build |

| EYFS | Year 1 | Year 2 | Year 3 | Year 4 | Year 5 | Year 6 |
|------|--|--|---|---|---|---|
| | photographs and plan perspectives. - Can start to use simple fieldwork to look at the school grounds and locate different features both Human and Physical. - Can draw a simple map. - Can understand the purpose of a key Children at Greater Depth will: They will be able to locate features on a map and label a map using symbols. | - Can use aerial photographs and plan perspectives to recognise landmarks and basic human and physical features Can draw a simple map, use and draw symbols in a key Can use simple fieldwork and observational skills to study the geography of the school and its grounds and identify the key human and physical features. Children at Greater Depth will: Use a range of resources to find different countries not studied at this stage. They can locate places using simple grid references e.g. A.3. | and a key (including Ordnance Survey maps) to build their knowledge of the UK Can use fieldwork to observe, record and find the human and physical features of the local area using different methods, including maps and plans. Children at Greater Depth will: Use a range of resources to find different countries and can use grid references to plot a route. | (including Ordnance Survey maps) to build their knowledge of the UK and areas studied Can find, observe and record on sketch maps the human and physical features of the local area including maps and plans. Children at Greater Depth will: Use a range of resources to find different countries and can use grid references to accurately plot a route. | knowledge of the UK and world. - Can find, observe and record the human and physical features of the local area using different methods, including sketch maps, plans and start to use digital technologies. Children at Greater Depth will: Locate features on a map using an eight point compass and six figure grid references. | their knowledge of the world and the UK Can confidently find, observe and record the human and physical features of the local area using different methods, including sketch maps, plans and use digital technologies. They will be able to use measures to match scale with increasing accuracy. Children at Greater Depth will: Locate and describe the features on a map using an eight point compass and six figure grid references. |

| Related National | -U se world maps, atlases and globes to identify | - Use maps, atlases, globes and digital/computer mapping to locate countries and describe |
|------------------------|---|---|
| Curriculum | the United Kingdom and its countries, as well as | features studied. |
| Objectives in italics: | the countries, continents and oceans studied at this key stage. - Use simple compass directions (North, South, East and West) and locational and directional language [for example, near and far; left and | - Use the eight points of a compass, four and six-figure grid references, symbols and key (including the use of Ordnance Survey maps) to build their knowledge of the United Kingdom and the wider world. |
| | right], to describe the location of features and routes on a map. | - Use fieldwork to observe, measure, record and present the human and physical features in the local area using a range of methods, including sketch maps, plans and graphs, and digital technologies. |